## 吉林十字花科山芥属一新种——洪氏山芥\*

## Barbarea hongii (Brassicaceae), a new species from Jilin, China

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Key words Barbare R.Br.; B. hongii Al-shehbaz et G Yang; New species; China

Barbarea hongii Al-Shehbaz & G. Yang, sp. nov. Fig. 1

Herba annua vel biennis. Caules  $35 \sim 60$  cm longi, erecti, angulares, glabri. Folia basalia ignota; folia caulina inferiora petiolata, petiolis  $2.5 \sim 6$  cm longis, laminis  $4 \sim 7$  cm longis, lyratopinnatifidis; lobis lateralibus  $1 \sim 3$  jugis oblongis vel ovatis,  $2 \sim 10$  mm  $\times$   $1 \sim 5$  mm, integris; lobis terminalibus  $2 \sim 3$  cm  $\times$  ca. 1.5 cm. Folia caulina superiora vel dentata, sessilia, auriculatoamplexicaulia, lobis lateralibus 1-jugis; auriculis anguste oblongis, usque ad 10 mm  $\times$  3 mm, sparse ciliatis, integris; lobis lateralibus usque ad 10 mm  $\times$  3 mm, glabris, integris; lobis terminalibus usque ad 3 cm  $\times$  1 cm, repandis vel obtuso-dentatis. Racemi fructiferi ebracteati, valde elongati. Flores ignoti. Pedicelli fructiferi erecti, appressi,  $4 \sim 7$  mm longi, tereti vel subquadrangulares, glabri, tenues. Fructus lineares,  $1.2 \sim 3$  cm longi,  $2 \sim 2.5$  mm lati, valde compressi et latiseptati, torulosi, erecti; valvis prominente venosis, retusis; stylo crasso,  $0.7 \sim 1.3$  mm longo, leviter compresso. Semina late ovata vel suboriculata,  $1.6 \sim 2$  mm  $\times$   $1.4 \sim 1.7$  mm, uniseriata, valde compressa, alata, alis  $0.1 \sim 0.3$  mm latis.

Herbs annual or biennial. Stems 35 ~ 60 cm tall, erect, angled, glabrous throughout. Basal leaves not seen; lowermost cauline leaves petiolate; petiole 2.5 ~ 6 cm long, glabrous; leaf blade 4 ~ 7 cm long, lyrate-pinnatifid; lateral lobes 1 ~ 3 on each side, oblong to ovate, 2 ~ 10 mm × 1 ~ 5 mm, entire; terminal lobe oblong to ovate, 2 ~ 3 cm × ca. 1.5 cm. Upper stem leaves usually with 1 lateral lobe on each side, the uppermost unlobed, obtusely toothed, sessile, auriculate-amplexicaul; auricles narrowly oblong, to 10 mm × 3 mm, only sparsely ciliate, entire; lateral lobes oblong, to 10 mm × 3 mm, glabrous, entire; terminal lobe lanceolate, up to 3 cm × 1 cm, repand to obtusely dentate. Fruiting racemes ebracteate, elongated considerably. Flowers not seen. Fruiting pedicels erect, appressed to stem, 4 ~ 7 mm long, terete to subquadrangular, glabrous, slender, much narrower than fruit. Fruit linear, 1.2 ~ 3 cm long, 2 ~ 2.5 mm wide, strongly flattened and latiseptate, torulose, erect; gynophore to 0.5 mm; valves with a prominent midrib and lateral veins, apex retuse; style stout, 0.7 ~ 1.3 mm, slightly compressed. Seeds brown, broadly ovate to suborbicular, 1.6 ~ 2 mm × 1.4 ~ 1.7 mm, uniseriate, 8 ~ 14 per locule, strongly compressed, winged all around; wing 0.1 ~ 0.3 mm wide. Fl. Jul.

China. Jilin: Antu County, Mt. ChangBai, N slope of the Volcano, Er Dao Bai He Valley near the hot springs, rounded basaltic rock, alt. 1730 m, 1986-07-29, D Y Hong, W. H. Sauer, S. Gerbert, Y Yang 33158 (holotype, PE 1549926).

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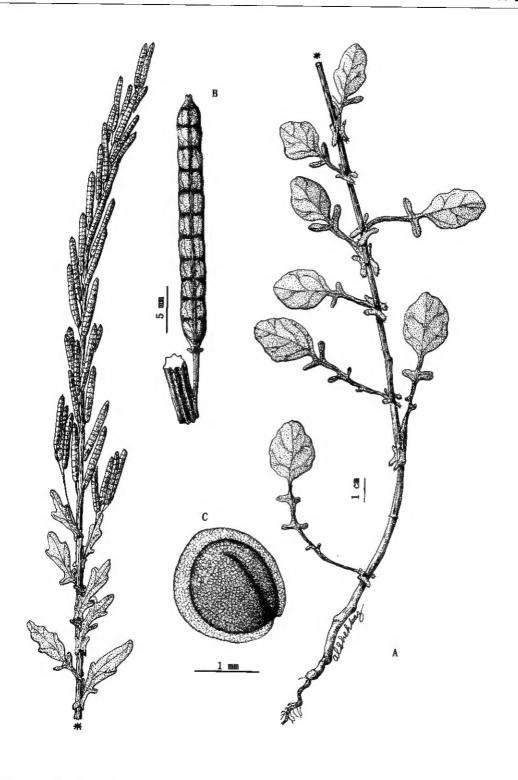


Fig. 1 A. Plant; B. Fruit, fruiting pedicel, and portion of rachis; C. Seed. (Drawn by Al-Shehbaz from the holotype)

Barbarea hongii Al-Shehbaz & G. Yang, which is named in honor of one of its collectors, Academician Hong De-yuan, is known thus far only from three plants of the type collection. It resembles the Taiwan-endemic B. taiwaniana Ohwi is having strongly flattened fruits  $2 \sim 2.5$  mm wide, retuse valves, and strongly compressed, winged, broadly ovate to suborbicular seeds. This character combination readily separates these two species from all of the remaining ca. 20 species of Barbarea. Barbarea hongii is easily distinguished from B. taiwaniana in being an annual or biennial 35  $\sim$  60 cm tall and with lyrate-pinnatifid cauline leaves,  $1 \sim 3$  pairs of lateral lobes, and a terminal leaf lobe ca. 3 cm long and much larger than the lateral lobes. In contrast, B. taiwaniana is a perennial  $(6 \sim )10 \sim 20$  cm tall and with pinnatisect cauline leaves,  $(4 \sim )6 \sim 10(\sim 12)$  pairs of lateral lobes, and a terminal leaf lobe to 1.5 cm long and about as large as the lateral lobes.

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关键词 山芥属;洪氏山芥;新种;中国